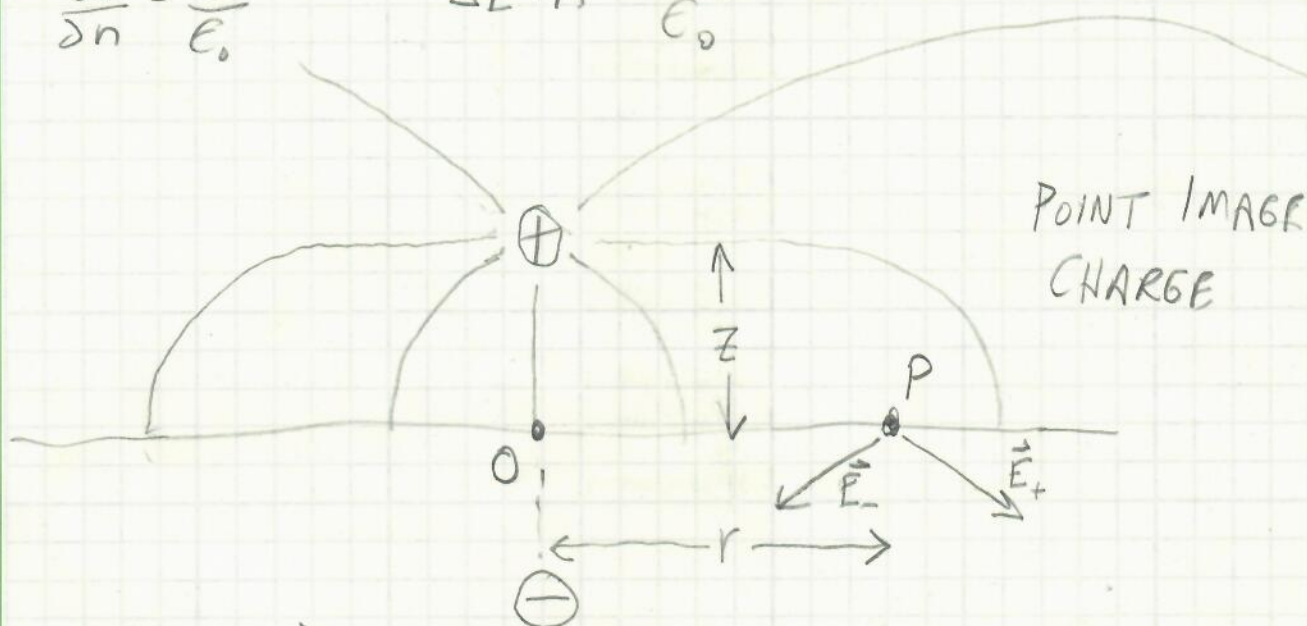


$$-\frac{\partial V}{\partial n} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\Delta \vec{E} \cdot \hat{n} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$$



$$\vec{r} \equiv \vec{r}_T - \vec{r}_S$$

$$\vec{r}_+ = r\hat{x} - z\hat{z} \quad \vec{r}_- = r\hat{x} + z\hat{z}$$

$$|\vec{r}_+| = \sqrt{r^2 + z^2} = |\vec{r}_-|$$

$$\hat{r}_+ = \frac{\vec{r}_+}{r_+} = \frac{r\hat{x} - z\hat{z}}{\sqrt{r^2 + z^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{E}_P &= \vec{E}_+ + \vec{E}_- \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{q\hat{r}_+}{r_+^2} + \frac{-q\hat{r}_-}{r_-^2} \right] \\ &= \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{r\hat{x} - z\hat{z} + (-r\hat{x} - z\hat{z})}{(r^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{E}_P = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{-z\hat{z}}{(r^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\Delta \vec{E} \cdot \hat{n} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} = \vec{E}_P \cdot \hat{z} = \frac{-z}{(r^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$$

$$\therefore \sigma = \frac{-qz}{4\pi} \frac{1}{(r^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$Q_{\text{INDUCED}} = \int \sigma da = - \int_0^\infty \underbrace{\frac{qz}{4\pi} \frac{1}{(r^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}}_{\sigma} \underbrace{2\pi r dr}_{da} = -q$$